



COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY

Department: Electronics and Communications Engineering

Lecturer: Associate Prof. Dr. Hussein Hamed Mahmoud Ghouz

Course: Electromagnetic-I

Course Code: EC341

Time : 60 Min.

Date : Sat. Dec., 13, 2014

Total Marks : 20

12TH Exam Fall 2014/2015

Answer the Following Questions

Q.1: A cross section view of two concentric conducting spheres having radii “ r_1 ” and “ r_2 ” is shown in **Fig.1**. The inner conductor is kept at constant potential $V=V_0=10.0$ volt while the outer conductor is grounded. The space between the inner and outer conducting spheres is filled with lossless dielectric material. Assume: $r_2=10.0r_1$ ($r_1=1.5$ mm), $\epsilon_r=4.7$. Solve the Laplace equation to find the following: **(4-mark each)**

1. The electric field intensity, polarization and induced charge densities in each region
2. The electrostatic potential and the capacitance in each region

Q.2: A small charged dielectric sphere having a diameter $D=5.0$ mm and a volume charge density $\rho_v=400.0$ nc/m³ is located at the point $P_1(1.25$ m, 0.75 m) in the region between two infinite conducting ground planes form a right angle as shown in **Fig.2**. Using the image method to find the following: **(4-mark each)**

1. The induced surface charge density on the ground planes: ρ_{x-y} and ρ_{y-z}
2. The force between the charged sphere and the ground planes: F_{QG}

Q.3: Given two infinite and isolated conducting planes as shown in **Fig.3**. The first conductor plane is inclined by an angle of 15° with respect to the x-y plane and it has a zero potential. The second conductor plane has an angle of 50° with respect the first plane, and it has a constant potential $V=V_0=5.0$ volt. Using the Laplace equation to find the following: **(2-mark each)**

1. The electric field E_p at any point between the conducting planes
2. The induced surface charge densities on the ground planes

This question is optional with additional 4-Mark added to the 7th Grade (1-Marh each):

Q.opt: A Charged Disk having inner radius $b_1=20$ cm, outer radius $b_2=50$ cm, and charge density $\rho_s=10$ nc/m² is located in x-y plane as shown in **Fig.4**. Find the following:

1. The electric potential at the point $P(0, 0, h=1.0$ m), then, plot V_p
2. The electric field at the point $P(0, 0, h)$, then, plot E_p
3. The electric field at the point P if $b_1 \rightarrow 0$ and $b_2 \rightarrow \infty$ using Gauss' Law
4. The force acting on a point charge $Q=-15.0$ mc located at the point $P(0, 0, 1.5h)$

GoodLuck

P.T.O



Formula Sheet

$$k=1/(4\pi\epsilon_0)=9 \times 10^9$$

$$\nabla V = \frac{\partial V}{h_1 \partial u_1} \mathbf{a}_{u1} + \frac{\partial V}{h_2 \partial u_2} \mathbf{a}_{u2} + \frac{\partial V}{h_3 \partial u_3} \mathbf{a}_{u3}$$

$$\nabla^2 V = \frac{1}{h_1 h_2 h_3} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial u_1} \left(h_2 h_3 \left(\frac{1}{h_1} \frac{\partial V}{\partial u_1} \right) \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial u_2} \left(h_1 h_3 \left(\frac{1}{h_2} \frac{\partial V}{\partial u_2} \right) \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial u_3} \left(h_1 h_2 \left(\frac{1}{h_3} \frac{\partial V}{\partial u_3} \right) \right) \right)$$

$$\int \frac{x dx}{(x^2 + a^2)^{1/2}} = \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}$$

$$\int \frac{x dx}{(x^2 + a^2)^{3/2}} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{(x^2 + a^2)} = \frac{1}{a} \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{a}$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{(x^2 + a^2)^{3/2}} = \frac{x}{a^2 \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}$$

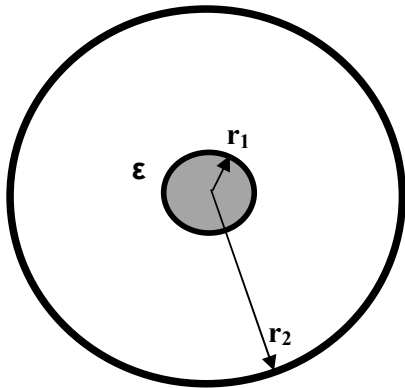


Fig.1

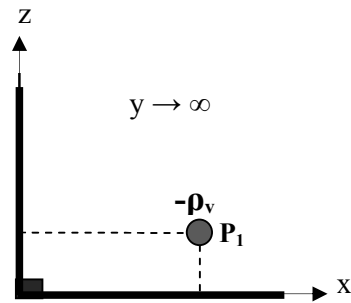


Fig.2

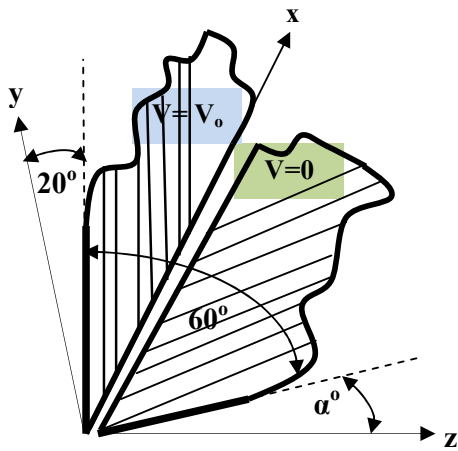


Fig.3

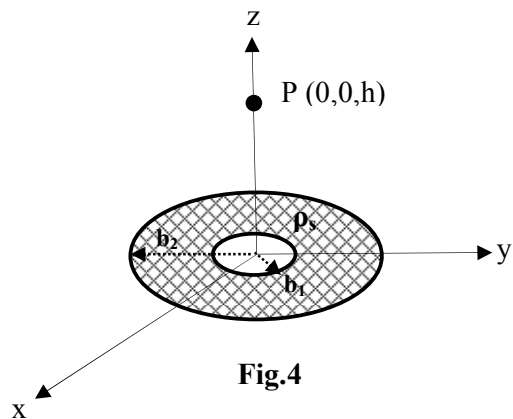


Fig.4