



Lecturer: Dr. Darwish Abd-El-Aziz  
 T.A. : Eng. Wael Abd Ellatif

Electromagnetics  
 Course # EC341  
 Term: 6<sup>th</sup>

Sheet (6)

- Find  $\vec{H}$  at the center of a square current loop of side  $L$ .
- A current filament of 5A in the  $+y$  direction is parallel to the  $y$ -axis at  $x = 2\text{m}$ ,  $z = 2\text{m}$ . Find  $\vec{H}$  at the origin.
- A current sheet with  $\vec{J}_{s1} = 10 \hat{a}_z \text{ A/m}$  lies in the plane  $x = 5 \text{ m}$  and a secondary sheet with  $\vec{J}_{s2} = -10 \hat{a}_z \text{ A/m}$  is at  $x = -5 \text{ m}$ . Find  $\vec{H}$  in all regions
- In cylindrical coordinates, the current density is given by:

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{J} &= 4.5 e^{-2rc} \hat{a}_z \text{ A/m}^2 & 0 \leq r_c \leq 0.5 \text{ m} \\ \vec{J} &= 0 \text{ A/m}^2 & \text{Elsewhere} \end{aligned}$$

Use Ampere's law to find  $\vec{H}$  in all regions.

- Two identical circular current loops of radius  $r_c = 3\text{m}$  and  $I = 20\text{A}$  are in parallel planes separated on their common axis by 10m. Find  $\vec{H}$  at the midway point between the two loops.
- In Cartesian coordinates a constant current density  $\vec{J} = J_0 \hat{a}_y \text{ A/m}^2$  exists in the region  $-a \leq z \leq a$ . Find  $\vec{H}$  in all regions
- The regions  $0 \leq z \leq 0.1 \text{ m}$  and  $0.3 \leq z \leq 0.4 \text{ m}$  are conducting slabs carrying uniform current densities of  $10 \text{ A/m}^2$  in opposite  $y$  directions. Find  $\vec{H}$  at  $z = 0.06, 0.26$  and  $0.36\text{m}$
- Let  $\vec{H} = -y(x^2 + y^2) \hat{a}_x + x(x^2 + y^2) \hat{a}_y \text{ A/m}$  in the  $z = 0$  plane for  $-5 \leq x \leq 5$  and  $-5 \leq y \leq 5 \text{ m}$ . Find the total current passing through  $z = 0$  plane in the  $\hat{a}_z$  direction inside the rectangle  $-1 \leq x \leq 1$  and  $-2 \leq y \leq 2 \text{ m}$  by two different methods.
- A cylindrical conductor of infinite length and radius  $10^{-2} \text{ m}$ , along the  $z$ -axis, has an internal  $\vec{H}$ , where

$$\vec{H} = 4.77 \times 10^4 \left( \frac{r_c}{2} - \frac{r_c^2 \times 10^2}{3} \right) \hat{a}_\phi \text{ A/m} \quad 0 \leq r_c \leq 10^{-2} \text{ m}$$

Find  $I$  by two methods.